THE MOFFETTS IN KOREA (10 slides)

- 1. Greetings from your missionaries in Korea, Sam and Eileen Moffett, to all our friends and partners in the church. We don't often wear traditional Korean clothes like this, but at a birthday celebration what could be more appropriate?
- 2. We live and work in the center of the modern and crowded city of Seoul, the capital of Korea. It has $8\frac{1}{2}$ million people making it the 6th largest city in the world. They say that 20% of the people in Seoul profess to be Christians, and that there are 3,000 Christian churches here in the capital city.
- 3. What a contrast to the days of the beginnings of Protestant work in this country. In 1890, when Sam's father came to Korea as one of the pioneers, 95 years ago, Seoul had a population of 150,000; and in the whole country there were not more than two tiny organized Protestant congregations.
- 4. Today, there are some six million Korean Christians, of whom about $2\frac{1}{2}$ million are Presbyterian, 1 million are Roman Catholic and about 800,000 are Methodist. Huge crowds flock to outdoor Christian meetings like this and the churches are still growing. The Korean Protestant community as a whole, doubles in membership every ten years.
- 5. It is all that the Presbyterian seminary, where Sam is Associate President, can do just to keep up with the church's growth. Twenty years ago the campus, with its 8-story prayer tower in the center, was built for a student body of 300. Today there are over 1,000 students crowding every corner, and daily worship has to be held in rotation for the chapel can no longer seat all the students.
- 6. Eileen's work with the students at the seminary took her into the slums of Seoul where the students have been reaching out to the poorest of the poor, choosing to live with them in their shanties rather than in the seminary dormitory. They started simply by meeting immediate needs -- street sweeping, building toilets, persuading Christian medical and nursing students to come in with a health unit once a week, opening a day-care center so the mothers could be free a few hours a day to help improve the family's economic position. They also initiated an "Own Your Own Home Campaign" and showed people how to discipline their lives and save what income they did have for highest-priority needs, such as food, clothing and children's education, rather than gambling, alcohol and cigarettes. But all this was done gently and respectfully and always in the name of Christ. Before long, the people began coming and saying, "You're Christians, why don't you build us a church?" And the students replied, "Yes, we're Christians. But we didn't come to build a church for you. We came to tell you about Jesus Christ and to demonstrate how he loves you and cares about every aspect of your lives. But if you want a church, you must build it yourselves. We'll stand beside you and help you build it, though." And they did. And now it's their church. No, it's really Christ's church. But it's His church among that community, not an outside import.
- 7. When the city's noise and pollution gets to be too much, it's a relief to answer a church's invitation to come and minister in a country village. Straw roofs,

like these, with hot red peppers drying on them, have almost disappeared in Korea. But this country is still one of the most beautiful in the world!

- 8. But unmet needs in the city keep calling us back. As Director of the Bible Club Movement, Eileen is here watching the opening of a new Bible Club School. Bible Clubs almost always start as Christian schools for children from underprivileged families who cannot afford the tuition at the government "public" schools. In the fifty years that Christians have provided this opportunity for these "left-out" young people, more than a million Korean children have been given their only chance for an education through these Bible Clubs. There are some 130 such schools now and a current enrollment at the Junior High and High School levels of about 60,000.
- 9. The remarkable growth of the church in Korea has caught the attention of Christians in other parts of Asia. These are students at ACTS (the Asian Center for Theological Studies and Mission), of which Sam is the Director. He is also one of the founders of this Center. It is post-seminary training for third-world Missions. Here you see students from five different countries from West Samoa to Tibet. They have come to learn something of the secret of the vitality of the Korean church and to study at ACTS to prepare to return to difficult parts of this great continent as missionaries from Asia to Asia.
- 10. Perhaps some day these two young Koreans, with their Bibles, will join them in Asian missions for this continent is the greatest missionary challenge in the world. Asia has 60% of the world's population. Compare that with the United States, which has only about 6%. You often hear about Asia's physical hungers and they are a real and urgent priority for Christian action. But what about the just as real spiritual hunger. St. Augustine said long ago, "Our hearts are restless until they rest in Thee." And he wasn't referring just to Westerners. That's true of Asians, as well. Only 3% of the people in Asia profess to know Jesus Christ. What about your own young people. Are you challenging them and helping to prepare them for the urgent missionary challenges in today's world? Please keep us all missionaries and Korean Christians in your prayers.

THE MOFFETTS IN KUKEN FIR STRUCS,

- 1. Greetings from your missionaries in Korea, Sam and Eileen Moffett, to all our friends and partners in the church. We don't often wear traditional Korean clothes like this, but at a birthday celebration what could be more appropriate?
- 2. We live and work in the center of the modern and crowded city of Seoul, the capital of Korea. It has $8\frac{1}{2}$ million people making it the 6th largest city in the world. They say that 20% of the people in Seoul profess to be Christians, and that there are 3,000 Christian churches here in the capital city.
- 3. What a contrast to the days of the beginnings of Protestant work in this country. In 1890, when Sam's father came to Korea as one of the pioneers, 95 years ago, Seoul had a population of 150,000; and in the whole country there were not more than two tiny organized Protestant congregations.
- 4. Today, there are some six million Korean Christians, of whom about $2\frac{1}{2}$ million are Presbyterian, I million are Roman Catholic and about 800,000 are Methodist. Huge crowds flock to outdoor Christian meetings like this and the churches are still growing. The Korean Protestant community as a whole, doubles in membership every ten years.
- 5. It is all that the Presbyterian seminary, where Sam is Associate President, can do just to keep up with the church's growth. Twenty years ago the campus, with its 8-story prayer tower in the center, was built for a student body of 300. Today there are over 1,000 students crowding every corner, and daily worship has to be held in rotation for the chapel can no longer seat all the students.
- 6. Eileen's work with the students at the seminary took her into the slums of Seoul where the students have been reaching out to the poorest of the poor, choosing to live with them in their shanties rather than in the seminary dormitory. They started simply by meeting immediate needs street sweeping, building toilets, persuading Christian medical and nursing students to come in with a health unit once a week, opening a day-care center so the mothers could be free a few hours a day to help improve the family's economic position. They also initiated an "Own Your Own Home Campaign" and showed people how to discipline their lives and save what income they did have for highest-priority needs, such as food, clothing and children's education, rather than gambling, alcohol and cigarettes. But All this was done gently and respectfully and always in the name of Christ. Before long, the people began coming and saying, "You're Christians, why don't you build us a church?" And the students replied, "Yes, we're Christians. But we didn't come to build a church for you. We came to tell you about Jesus. Christ and to demonstrate how he loves you and cares about every aspect of your lives. But if you want a church, you must build it yourselves. We'll stand we'll beside you and help you build it, though." And they did. And now it's their church. No, it's really Christ's church. But it's His church among that community, not an outside import.
- 7. When the city's noise and pollution gets to be too much, it's a relief to answer a church's invitation to come and minister in a country village. Straw roofs,

like these, with hot red peppers drying on them, have almost disappeared in Korea. But this country is still one of the most beautiful in the world!

- 8. But unmet needs in the city keep calling us back. As Director of the Bible Club Movement, Eileen is here watching the opening of a new Bible Club School. Bible Clubs almost always start as Christian schools for children from underprivileged families who cannot afford the tuition at the government "public" schools. In the fifty years that Christians have provided this opportunity for these "left-out" young people, more than a million Korean children have been given their only chance for an education through these Bible Clubs. There are some 130 such schools now and a current enrollment at the Junior High and High School Tevels of about 60,000.
- 9. The remarkable growth of the church in Korea has caught the attention of Christians in other parts of Asia. These are students at ACTS (the Asian Center for Theological Studies and Mission), of which Sam is the Director. He is also one of the founders of this Center. It is post-seminary training for third-world Missions. Here you see students from five different countries from West Samoa to Tibet. They have come to learn something of the secret of the vitality of the Korean church and to study at ACTS to prepare to return to difficult parts of this great continent as missionaries from Asia to Asia.
- 10. Perhaps some day these two young Koreans, with their Bibles, will join them in Asian missions for this continent is the greatest missionary challenge in the world. Asia has 60% of the world's population. Compare that with the United States, which has only about 6%. You often hear about Asia's physical hungers and they are a real and urgent priority for Christian action. But what about the just as real spiritual hunger. St. Augustine said long ago, "Our hearts are restless until they rest in Thee." And he wasn't referring just to Westerners That's true of Asians, as well. Only 3% of the people in Asia profess to know Jesus Christ. What about your own young people. Are you challenging them and helping to prepare them for the urgent missionary challenges in today's world? Please keep us all missionaries and Korean Christians in your prayers.

THE MOFFETTS IN KOREA

(10 slides)

- 1. Greetings from your missionaries in Korea, Sam and Eileen Moffett, to all our friends and partners in the church. We don't often wear traditional Korean clothes like this, but at a birthday celebration what could be more appropriate?
- 2. We live and work in the center of the modern and crowded city of Seoul, the capital of Korea. It has $8\frac{1}{2}$ million people making it the 6th largest city in the world. They say that 20% or perhaps 25% of the people in Seoul profess to be Christians, and that there are 3000 Christian churches here in the capital city.
- 3. What a contrast to the days of the beginnings of Protestant work in this country. In 1890, when Sam's father came to Korea as one of the pioneers, 96 years ago, Seoul had a population of 150,000; and in the whole country there were not more than two tiny organized Protestant congregations.
- 4. Today, there are some six million Korean Christians, of whom about $2\frac{1}{2}$ million are Presbyterian, 1 million are Roman Catholic and about 800,000 are Methodist. Huge crowds flock to outdoor Christian meetings like this and the churches are still growing. The Korean Protestant community as a whole, doubles in membership every ten years.
- 5. It is all that the Presbyterian seminary, where Sam is Associate President, can do just to keep up with the church's growth. Twenty years ago the campus, with its 8-story prayer tower in the center, was built for a student body of 300. Today there are over 1000 students crowding every corner, and daily worship has to be held in rotation for the chapel can no longer seat all the students.
- 6. Eileen's work with the students at the seminary took her into the slums of Seoul where the students have been reaching out to the poorest of the poor, choosing to live with them in their shanties rather than in the seminary dormitory. They started simply by meeting immediate needs -- street sweeping, building toilets, persuading Christian medical and nursing students to come in with a health unit once a week, opening a day-care center so the mothers could be free a few hours a day to help improve the family's economic position. They also initiated an "Own Your Own Home Campaign" and showed people how to discipline their lives and save what income they did have for highest-priority needs, such as food, clothing and children's education, rather than gambling, alcohol and cigarettes. All this was done so gently and clearly in the name of Christ that before long, the people began coming and saying, "You're Christians, why don't you build us a church?" And the students replied, "Yes, we're Christians. But we didn't come to build a church for you. We came to tell you about Jesus. But if you want to build a church, we'll help you." And they did. And now it's their church. No, it's really Christ's church. But it's His church among that community, not an outside import.
- 7. When the city's noise and pollution gets to be too much, it's a relief to answer a church's invitation to come and minister in a country village. Straw roofs, like these, with hot red peppers drying on them, have almost disappeared in Korea. But this country is still one of the most beautiful in the world!

- 8. But unmet needs in the city keep calling us back. As Director of the Bible Club Movement, Eileen is here watching the opening of a new Bible Club School. Bible Clubs almost always start as Christian schools for children from underprivileged families who cannot afford the tuition at the government "public" schools. In the fifty years that Christians have provided this opportunity for these "left-out" young people, more than a million Korean children have been given their only chance for an education through these Bible Clubs. There are some 130 such schools now and a current enrollment at the Junior High and High School levels of about 47,500.
- 9. The remarkable growth of the church in Korea has caught the attention of Christians in other parts of Asia. These are students at ACTS (the Asian Center for Theological Studies and Mission), of which Sam is the Director. He is also one of the founders of this Center. It is post-seminary training for third-world Missions. Here you see students from five different countries from West Samoa to Tibet. They have come to learn something of the secret of the vitality of the Korean church and to study at ACTS to prepare to return to difficult parts of this great continent as missionaries from Asia to Asia.
- 10. Perhaps some day these two young Koreans, with their Bibles, will join them in Asian missions for this continent is the greatest missionary challenge in the world. Asia has 60% of the world's population. Compare that with the United States, which has only about 6%. You often hear about Asia's physical hungers and they are a real and urgent priority for Christian action. But what about the just as real spiritual hunger. Only 3% of the people in Asia profess to know Jesus Christ What about your own young people. Are you challenging them and helping to prepare them for the urgent missionary challenges in today's world? Please keep us all missionaries and Korean Christians in your prayers.

WITH THE MOFFETTS IN KOREA

- 1. More than 90 years ago a handful of dedicated men and women set out upon a journey of faith amid the ancient and pagan cultures of the East to witness to the redeeming love of our Lord and to bring a nation to the truth in Christ.
- 2. They found a beautiful land which has been called the "Switzerland of Asia"; the Koreans called it "the queen of ten thousand peaks and ten thousand islands and ten thousand waterfalls".
- 3. Under the gray and yellow granite peaks scraping the blue sky lies the green of the pine forests
- 4. And in and among the pines nestle the gray-tiled monastery roofs, their fish bells tinkling in the breeze.
- 5. They found ten million people tucked away in the valleys and between the mountains of the rugged peninsula. Today there are thirty-five million people in South Korea alone, and another fifteen million in North Korea.
- 6. The Korean peninsula is only about 525 miles long and about 150 miles wide, about the size of the state of Minnesota, but with 6000 miles of some of the most beautiful sea coasts in the world.
- 7. The people's religion, however, was not so beautiful. Primitive devil posts guarded the country villages from the evil spirits they feared in every dark corner, in rocks and trees and peaks and rivers.
- 8. Their Confucian ethics had degenerated into form and ceremony and the ancestral worship of their ancestors.
- 9. Buddhism had become so corrupt it had been banished to the hills. Its temples blazed with ancient grandeur but were dead within with the weight of centuries of superstition.

10. Wen the weart the work of the missionery pioneers was
stably blooded and almost Fandy abush a return the day
though 1 though 1 though the change of swand and sould ame
the sale gradet abundal al adverte bud language for the state of the s
the fartist of attack in the fartist of the fartist
and stoking taytor, jornaps, than any other in the forta.
4. White fresty terian midsions ted to day, working in partner-
1914 tith the Dredbyterian Church of Korea, berwe in many areas
and the many vocavious.

WITH THE MOFFETTS IN KCREA

- 1. More than 90 years are a handful of dedicated men and women set out upon a journey of faith amid the ancient and pagan cultures of the East to witness to the redeeming love of our Lord and to bring a nation to the truth in Christ.
- 2. They found a beautiful land which has been called the "Switzerland of Asia"; the Koreans called it "the queen of ten thousand peaks and ten thousand islands and ten thousand waterfalls".
- 3. Under the gray and yellow granite peaks scraping the blue sky lies the green of the pine forests
- 4. And in and among the pines nestle the gray-tiled monastery roofs, their fish bells tinkling in the breeze.
- 5. They found ten million people tucked away in the valleys and between the mountains of the rugged peninsula. Today there are thirty-rive million people in South Korea alone, and another fifteen million in North Korea.
- 6. The Korean peninsula is only about 525 miles long and about 150 miles wide, about the size of the state of Minnesota, but with 6000 miles of some of the most beautiful sea coasts in the world.
- 7. The people's religion, however, was not so beautiful. Primitive devil posts guarded the country villages from the evil spirits they feared in every dark corner, in rocks and trees and peaks and rivers.
- 8. Their Confucian ethics had degenerated into form and ceremony and the ancestral worship of their ancestors.
- 9. Fuddhism had become so corrupt it had been banished to the hills. Its temples blazed with ancient grandeur but were dead within with the weight of centuries of superstition.
- 10. Over the years the work of the missionary pioneers was rightly blessed, and a great Morean church community has grown to maturity. Though it bears the scars of sword and schism, it is a great church a devout and praying church, faithful and growing faster, perhaps, then any other in the world.
- 11. United Presbyterian missionaries today, working in partnership with the Presbyterian Church of Kores, serve in many areas and in many vecations.

- 10. (S.A. Moffett and James Gale). Over the years the work of the pioneers was richly blessed. Sam's father reached Korea in 1890. Those were the days of the beginnings. There were only about a hundred Protestants in all Korea when he and his colleague, James Gale, explored the unreached valleys of North Korea in 1891.
- 11. (Yongnak Church). Today there are three and a half million Korean Protestants, and a million Catholics. The Korean church has grown to maturity and is already sending its own missionaries out across the world for Christ.
- 12. (Sam & Eileen Moffett). United Presbyterian missionaries today work in partnership with the Presbyterian Church of Korea. We can't show you all of them but we would like to tell you briefly what two of your missionaries, Sam and Eileen Moffett, are doing there.
- 13. (Sam Moffett). Sam is Associate President of the Presbyterian Theological Seminary, and professor of church history at this oldest Protestant seminary in Korea.
- 14. (Country visit). When he can get away from his desk and his teaching he visits his former students in their country parishes, out where the air is clean and the older villages still have straw roofs with red peppers on them drying in the sun.
- 15. (Seoul). But the seminary itself is in the bustling, modern capital of the new Korea, the city of Seoul. When his father first reached Seoul it had a population of about 150,000. Today its 7,500,000 people make it one of the ten largest cities in the world.
- 16. (Presbyterian Seminary). The major concern of the seminary, with its tall prayer tower, is to produce enough trained Christian leadership to fill the needs of one of the fastest growing churches in the world.
- 17. (Seminary graduation). Even though there are more than a thousand students enrolled--600 in the regular program preparing for the ministry and Christian education, and another 400 in a night-school program for lay leadership--it is all the seminary can do to keep up with Korean church growth. Two hundred new churches were started just last year.
- 18. (Eileen Moffett). Eileen teaches Christian education at the seminary, but she has more than one full-time job, as indeed do most missionaries in these days when the work keeps increasing but the number of missionaries seems to decrease.

- 10. (S.A. Moffett and James Gale). Over the years the work of the pioneers was richly blessed. Sam's father re ched Korea in 1890. Those were the days of the beginnings. There were only about a hundred Protestants in all Korea when he and his colleague, James Gale, explor d the unreached valleys of North Korea in 1891.
- 11. (Yongmak Church). Today there are three and a half million Rorean Protestants, and a million Catholics. The Korean church has grown to maturity and is already sending its own missionaries out across the world for Christ.
- 12. (Sam & Eileen Moffett). United Presbyterian missionaries today work in partnership with the Presbyterian Church of Korea. We can't show you all of them but we would like to tell you briefly what two of your missionaries, Sam and Eileen Moffett, are doing there.
- 13. (Sam Moffett). Sam is Associate President of the Presbyterian Theological Seminary, and professor of church history at this oldest Protestant seminary in Morea.
- 14. (Country visit). When he can get away from his desk and his teaching he visits his former students in their country parishes, out there the air is clean and the older villages still have straw roofs with red peppers on them drying in the sun.
- 15. (Seoul). But the seminary itself is in the bustling, modern capital of the new Korea, the city of Seoul. When his father first reached Seoul it had a population of about 150,000. Today its 7,500,000 people make it one of the ten largest cities in the world.
- 16. (Presbyterian Seminary). The major c noern of the seminary, with its tall prayer tower, is to produce enough trained Christian leadership to fill the needs of one of the fastest growing churches in the world.
- 17. (Seminary graduation). Even though there are more than a thousand students enrolled -- 600 in the regular program preparing for the ministry and Chri tian education, and another 400 in a night-school program for lay leadership -- it is all the seminary can do to keep up with Korean church growth. Two hundred new churches were started just last year.
- 18. (Eileen Moffett). Eileen teaches Christian education at the seminary, but she has more than one full-time job, as indeed do most missionaries in these days when the work keeps increasing but the number of missionaries seems to decrease.

19. (Bible Club students). So Eileen is also director of the Bible Club Movement

19. (ible la' sturents). To Liken is the director of the fith downerst

#	
13	new preture of Seml.
# 19 2	new justine of Send Sheets
(15)	
16	new caption - include San Miffett
1)	5k -
18	a
19	che caption & name Sams Elean Miffett - priture of both.
20	
21	che captin - San has ben in Yourin board, + Somppin.
21	
2	
24	Sompsil - add S. Miffell have
(25	delete priture Med caption & preceding shall
27	
Œ,	
6	
31 31	
(3)	
(30	
£ 37	204 4 20 4 4
- < - 38	
	Add Bable Clubs
	A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T

Students

16.	Nw in	Knee the	old by	~ So	fast	that a	en bit	L over	a thom	d enn	led in	The state of the s
day	1 em	classes	the seri	, can	berely	keep up	, with	the	dent	In to		
Chin	tai leade	no hip										
η.	Tileen	is Dueit	n of the	BM	aus	Munt	7	1				
								<u> </u>			<u>.</u>	
)				
							1					
		1	1			· ·	1					
	1							1				

500 4;

have the West in jenny a new center, for the called ACTS (36 Agrain Center of Berlighed Shadies A Myssin. It is enoughfiel, interdemental of international. 19. Its focus is on Asian moissing to Asia that was, for its begin years, stands here with a grap of students - an Indian Kett shit on his right, a teacher from West Samue in his left, a Tailrance Kurian Covered student of for left, & a Koven Restorted at Comm by to right) Tai women Kinnin Coverent cht Indian Methodist, West Samon Methodist, Korean Preskytani, (I kneely) tur Chrèse Presbytenains da Tibetan Anghain, Whose great- great father was hereditary teacher to the Delai lame. 20. Proposition The freus is on Asian morning to Asia - this imed mornis. For the und g Good is not thomselves to keep for their, but to carry on a cross Asia where the aly 3 + 48 602 of all the people in the meld are limi, a whom only 3 n 420 are Christian.

_			
N	0.		

(19)	This is the welcon sence for a solve school just joing the mont.
	Volunteer Teacher serve you on a volunteer bosin the It will yer all the
	comses toget in regular schools, plus Bible mitanti I tranj in In discipleship.
(2)	Teacher are often whiteer, I failther are mager. This is a Bible
	Club school's admirstate this I beathers som but graduate of the Blile Clubs
	are aligible to late examitions for conting abouting on into 15th School of Alge. The
	Olube heep the don to lang on for the pm.
1	Ellen also work with our sening studets in a senice to the prosst y
	the pro in some of the unit slus in Sent.



N	c.			

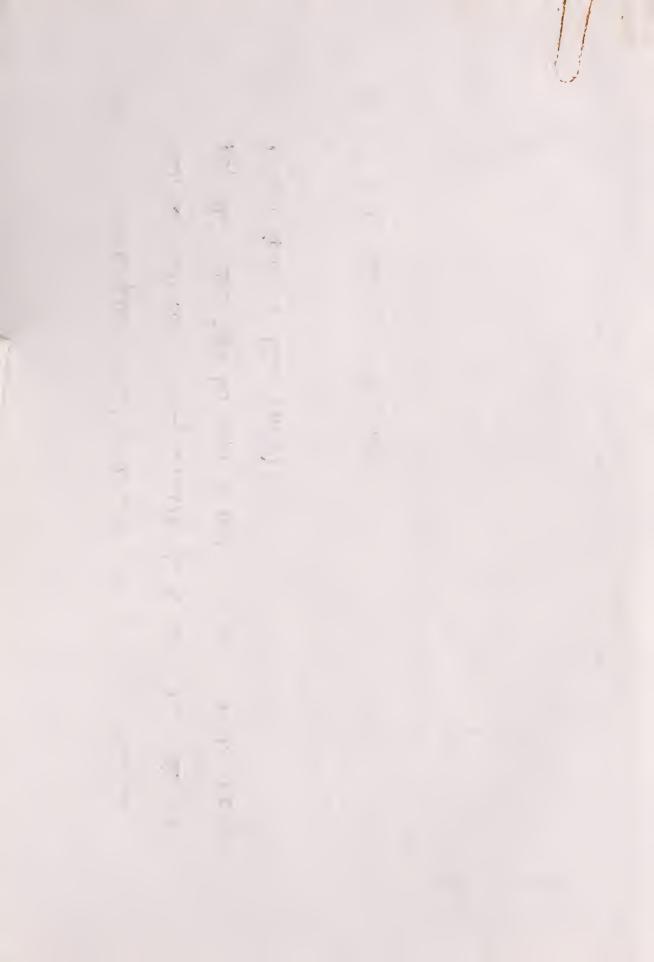
This Day Caro Center the show for the child of the show is only one of the team's ministries. It pees the matter to peek with to add impartly needed marin to the family meeter lamings.

Air such students scential only has Out of the hardships I sacripies of the teams with in the ships. Two new chiles have grown. This is a grap at the left of the in Mayour dry.

But despite the all difficulties, Knee is one of the bight spots in Asia for the ch. There are chibes everywhen - line it small. The red roughd bourh it is freged has a membership of over 25,000, but is only one of more than 600 Routh. chin is Send

(13)

24)



No.			
	_	 	

(25)

With pulled to lord for its get goth, the child of Knee now
full on yout seem of mining respectely for the rest of Asia. I with
my other, San hilfeth has helped to start a new make - the Asia Center for
Theological Starters - 1 Minin (ACTS).

(26)

Its englishes is on Asian nome to Asia

- 1. Greetings from your missionaries in Korea, Sam and Eileen Moffett, to all our friends and partners in the church. We don't often wear traditional Korean clothes like this, but at a birthday celebration what could be more appropriate?
- 2. We live and work in the center of the modern and crowded city of Seoul, the capital of Korea. It has $8\frac{1}{2}$ million people making it the 6th largest city in the world. They say that 20% of the people in Seoul profess to be Christians, and that there are 3,000 Christian churches here in the capital city.
- 3. What a contrast to the days of the beginnings of Protestant work in this country. In 1890, when Sam's father came to Korea as one of the pioneers, 95 years ago, Seoul had a population of 150,000; and in the whole country there were not more than two tiny organized Protestant congregations.
- 4. Today, there are some six million Korean Christians, of whom about $2\frac{1}{2}$ million are Presbyterian, 1 million are Roman Catholic and about 800,000 are Methodist. Huge crowds flock to outdoor Christian meetings like this and the churches are still growing. The Korean Protestant community as a whole, doubles in membership every ten years.
- 5. It is all that the Presbyterian seminary, where Sam is Associate President, can do just to keep up with the church's growth. Twenty years ago the campus, with its 8-story prayer tower in the center, was built for a student body of 300. Today there are over 1,000 students crowding every corner, and daily worship has to be held in rotation for the chapel can no longer seat all the students.
- 6. Eileen's work with the students at the seminary took her into the slums of Seoul where the students have been reaching out to the poorest of the poor, choosing to live with them in their shanties rather than in the seminary dormitory. They started simply by meeting immediate needs -- street sweeping, building toilets, persuading Christian medical and nursing students to come in with a health unit once a week, opening a day-care center so the mothers could be free a few hours a day to help improve the family's economic position. They also initiated an "Own Your Own Home Campaign" and showed people how to discipline their lives and save what income they did have for highest-priority needs, such as food, clothing and children's education, rather than gambling, alcohol and cigarettes. But all this was done gently and respectfully and always in the name of Christ. Before long, the people began coming and saying, "You're Christians, why don't you build us a church?" And the students replied, "Yes, we're Christians. But we didn't come to build a church for you. We came to tell you about Jesus Christ and to demonstrate how he loves you and cares about every aspect of your lives. But if you want a church, you must build it yourselves. We'll stand beside you and help you build it, though." And they did. And now it's their church. No, it's really Christ's church. But it's His church among that community, not an cutside import.
- 7. When the city's noise and pollution gets to be too much, it's a relief to answer a church's invitation to come and minister in a country village. Straw roofs,

like these, with hot red peppers drying on them, have almost disappeared in Korea. But this country is still one of the most beautiful in the world!

- 8. But unmet needs in the city keep calling us back. As Director of the Bible Club Movement, Eileen is here watching the opening of a new Bible Club School. Bible Clubs almost always start as Christian schools for children from underprivileged families who cannot afford the tuition at the government "public" schools. In the fifty years that Christians have provided this opportunity for these "left-out" young people, more than a million Korean children have been given their only chance for an education through these Bible Clubs. There are some 130 such schools now and a current enrollment at the Junior High and High School Tevels of about 60,000.
- 9. The remarkable growth of the church in Korea has caught the attention of Christians in other parts of Asia. These are students at ACTS (the Asian Center for Theological Studies and Mission), of which Sam is the Director. He is also one of the founders of this Center. It is post-seminary training for third-world Missions. Here you see students from five different countries from West Samoa to Tibet. They have come to learn something of the secret of the vitality of the Korean church and to study at ACTS to prepare to return to difficult parts of this great continent as missionaries from Asia to Asia.
- 10. Perhaps some day these two young Koreans, with their Bibles, will join them in Asian missions for this continent is the greatest missionary challenge in the world. Asia has 60% of the world's population. Compare that with the United States, which has only about 6%. You often hear about Asia's physical hungers and they are a real and urgent priority for Christian action. But what about the just as real spiritual hunger. St. Augustine said long ago, "Our hearts are restless until they rest in Thee." And he wasn't referring just to Westerners. That's true of Asians, as well. Only 3% of the people in Asia profess to know Jesus Christ. What about your own young people. Are you challenging them and helping to prepare them for the urgent missionary challenges in today's world? Please keep us all missionaries and Korean Christians in your prayers.